

What will happen if abuse is reported?

A member of staff will listen to your concerns and may ask you some necessary questions to ensure that they understand the persons circumstances fully.

The member of staff will advise you about what is likely to happen next.

If the person is in critical danger, we will arrange to visit the person immediately and offer support to minimise the risks.

If the person is at substantial risk of harm, we will arrange to visit the person within 48 hours.

For other reports of abuse we will normally visit within 5 working days.

The person dealing with the report will work with the person who is being abused to help them make any decisions. They will provide help and support in taking action to try to end the abuse and enable them to ensure it does not happen again.

You may want someone to contact us on your behalf and to nominate someone to speak and act for you.

We will not normally do anything or share information with other people without the permission of the person who is being abused. The only exception to this is in situations where others may be at risk of abuse or the person is not able to make decisions for themselves because of mental disability.

Other useful contact numbers

Police:

Tel: 01582 473358 • Fax: 01582 473223 • Emergency: 999

Care Quality Commission (CQC):

Tel: 03000 616 161 or 0191 233 3323

Email: enquires.eastern@cqc.org.uk

Central Bedfordshire in contact



on the telephone...

0300 300 8000



by email...

customer.services@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk



on the web...

www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk



Alternatively you can write to:

Central Bedfordshire Council Priory House, Monks Walk,
Chicksands, Shefford, Bedfordshire SG17 5TQ

Serving our communities...

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More information

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Central Bedfordshire

Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults from Abuse

live free from fear

Is someone treating you badly?

Are you afraid to speak out about what is happening to you?

stop abuse **NOW**

Call the Safeguarding Adults Helpline on
0300 300 8122

for information, enquiries and advice. Alternatively contact us by fax on (01582) 818031 or email: adult.protection@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk
For after hours emergencies only call 0300 300 8123

Central Bedfordshire

Safeguarding Adults from Abuse



What is adult abuse?

Abuse is mistreatment by any other person or persons that violates a person's human and civil rights. The abuse can vary from treating someone with disrespect in a way which significantly affects the person's quality of life, to causing actual physical suffering.

Abuse can happen anywhere - in a residential or nursing home, a hospital, in the workplace, at a day centre or educational establishment, in supported housing or in the street.

Who might be at risk?

- People with a learning, sensory or physical disability.
- Older people who depend on or need help from others.
- People with mental health problems.
- People with dementia.

Forms of abuse include:

- Physical Abuse such as hitting, pushing, pinching, shaking, misusing medication, scalding, restraint, hair pulling.
- Sexual Abuse such as rape, sexual assault, or sexual acts to which the adult has not or could not have consented, or to which they were pressurised into consenting.
- Psychological or Emotional Abuse such as threats of harm or abandonment, being deprived of social or any other form of contact, humiliation, blaming, controlling, intimidation, coercion, harassment, verbal abuse, being prevented from receiving services or support.
- Financial or Material Abuse such as theft, fraud or exploitation, pressure in connection with wills, property, or inheritance, misuse of property, possessions or benefits.
- Neglect such as ignoring medical or physical care needs and preventing access to health, social care or educational services or withholding the necessities of life such as food, drink and heating.
- Discriminatory Abuse such as that based on race or sexuality or a person's disability and other forms of harassment or slurs.
- Institutional abuse can sometimes happen in residential homes, nursing homes or hospitals when people are mistreated because of poor or inadequate care, neglect and poor practice that affects the whole of that service.
- Any of these forms of abuse can be either deliberate or be the result of ignorance, or lack of training, knowledge or understanding. Often if a person is being abused in one way they are also being abused in other ways.

Who might be causing the abuse?

The person who is responsible for the abuse is very often well known to the person abused and could be:

- A paid carer or volunteer.
- A health worker, social care or other worker.
- A relative, friend or neighbour.
- Another resident or service user.
- An occasional visitor or someone who is providing a service.

What do you do if you are being abused or you suspect that someone you know may be the victim of abuse?

You should contact Social Services as soon as possible. Your concerns will be taken seriously and will receive prompt attention.

What if the abuse is also a crime?

If the abuse is also a crime such as assault, racial harassment, rape or theft you should involve the police to prevent someone else from being abused. If the police are involved we will work with them and with you to support you.

If you are worried about contacting the police you can always contact Social Services to talk things over first.

If immediate action is needed the Emergency Services should be contacted by dialling 999.